The Discrete Composite Higgs Model

Giuliano Panico

ETH Zürich

Brookhaven Forum 2011 - 20th October 2011

based on G. P. and A. Wulzer 1106.2719 [hep-ph]

Introduction

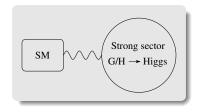
Why a composite Higgs?

Solution of the **Hierarchy Problem**:

new strong sector dynamically generates the EW scale.

[Georgi, Kaplan (1984), ...]

- Higgs as a Goldstone of a spontaneously broken global symmetry $G \rightarrow H$
 - ► EW symmetry breaking induced at 1-loop



Possible resonances from the strong sector

Introduction

How can we describe a composite Higgs?

Fully general description: **non-linear** σ **-model**

[Giudice et al. (2007), Barbieri et al. (2007)]

- ▶ no description of resonances
- ▶ non calculable (eg. Higgs potential, S and T diverge at 1-loop)

Calculable and predictive realization in extra dimensions

[Agashe, Contino, Pomarol (2004), ...]

- technically challenging
- several parameters (also 'hidden' like the metric)
- ▶ includes many states not accessible at LHC

Introduction

Need for a **simplified** framework: **effective description** inspired by deconstruction

- Simple 4D effective theory
- Description of the resonances
 - only lightest resonances are included
 - small number of 'measurable' parameters
 - parametrize many extra-dim. models (eg. different metric)
- ► Computable and predictive
 - Higgs potential, S and T computable with three sites

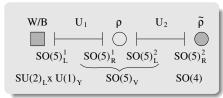
The Model

Minimal model with three sites.

Two σ -models:

$$SO(5)_L \times SO(5)_R/SO(5)_D$$

$$\mathcal{L}^{\pi} = \frac{f^2}{4} \mathrm{Tr} \left[(D_{\mu} U_i)^t D^{\mu} U_i \right]$$



Gauging breaks the global symmetries

▶ description of the gauge **resonances** (ρ and $\widetilde{\rho}$)

Higgs is a Goldstone with respect to three symmetries



EWSB effects through collective breaking:

cancellation of divergences

[Arkani-Hamed et al. (2001), ...]

The Model

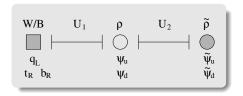
• Elementary fermions:

$$q_L, t_R, b_R$$

Composite states:

$$\psi_{u},\widetilde{\psi}_{u}\in\mathbf{5}_{2/3}$$

$$\psi_{d},\widetilde{\psi}_{d}\in\mathbf{5}_{-1/3}$$



Implementation of partial compositeness

$$\mathcal{L}^{mix} \sim y_L f \ \overline{q}_L^{\alpha} (U_1 \psi_R)^{\alpha} + y_R f \ \overline{t}_R^{\alpha} (U_1 \psi_L)^{\alpha} + \text{h.c.}$$

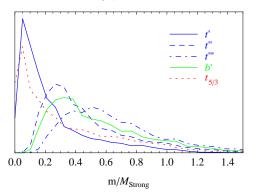
Extra $U(1)_X$ subgroups needed to accommodate Hypercharge.

Phenomenology: the Resonances

Strong bounds from the S parameter

$$\widehat{\mathsf{S}} \simeq rac{m_{_W}^2}{m_{
ho}^2} \qquad \Rightarrow \qquad \mathsf{m}_
ho \gtrsim \mathsf{2} \; \mathsf{TeV}$$

- Distribution of the fermionic resonance masses
 - ► Light partners are usually present

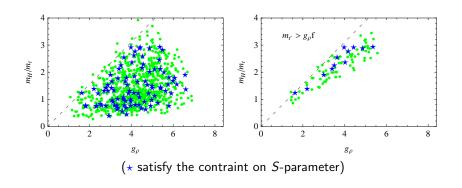


Phenomenology: the Higgs

If the fermionic resonances are heavy

$$m_H \sim 4\sqrt{2N_c}rac{g_
ho}{4\pi}m_t$$

► Light Higgs only if light fermonic partners are present.



Conclusions

We constructed a **simplified effective description** of the composite Higgs framework.

- ► Simple 4D effective theory
- Can be used to parametrize the resonances accessible at LHC
- Provides a computable and predictive set-up

Ongoing projects:

- ► Implement the model in an **event generator**
- ► Study collider phenomenology